1.2 - Parallel Circuits

About parallel circuits

Parallel circuits provide a way to connect individual circuits or components to a common source while isolating each from the effects of the others. This works great in house wiring and Christmas lights, since one burned-out bulb won't cause all of the other lights to go dark! In electronics circuits, parallel wiring is most often used in distributing current to all of the individual circuit parts.

Parallel circuit activity

1.	Draw a schematic diagram showing two resistors connected in parallel to a 6 V power supply.
	Use any two different values of resistors from your kit of CHRP parts.

2. Build the circuit that you drew, above, on a breadbo	board	breadb	a bi	on a	above.	ou drew.	that '	circuit	the	Build	2.
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4. Using a calculator, **calculate** the total parallel resistance.

$$R_T =$$

5. Set a power supply to 6 V. Measure the potential of the power supply.

$$E_T =$$

6. Connect the power supply to the circuit and measure the voltage drop across each resistor.

7. Calculate the total current flow (using the measured potential and resistances).

8. Isolate each resistor, and measure the current flow through each.

$$I_{R1} = I_{R2} =$$

9. Did your measured currents in step 8 equal your calculated current in step 7?

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	rived from this calculation the same as the resistance calculated in step 4?
	$R_T =$
	Identify which resistor conducted the most current. Was it the smaller one, or the larger one? Explain why.
Tea	cher Check
Pa	arallel circuit analysis
	Draw a schematic diagram showing three resistors connected in parallel to a 10 V source. Again, use any three resistor values from your kit of CHRP parts.
13.	Predict how the circuit will behave.
	a) Which resistor will have the highest current flow?
	b) Which resistor will have the lowest current flow?
14.	Calculate the following parameters for the parallel circuit.
	R _T =
	$I_T =$
	$I_{R1} =$
	I _{R2} =
	I _{R3} =